HAMILTON DEPRESSION RATING SCALE (HAM-D)

(To be administered by a health care professional)

Patient Name

Today's Date

The HAM-D is designed to rate the severity of depression in patients. Although it contains 21 areas, calculate the patient's score on the first 17 answers.

1. DEPRESSED MOOD 6. INSOMNIA - Delayed (Waking in early hours of the morning and (Gloomy attitude, pessimism about the future, feeling of sadness, tendency to weep) unable to fall asleep again) 0 = Absent0 = Absent1 =Sadness, etc. 1 = Occasional2 = Occasional weeping2 = Frequent3 = Frequent weeping 4 = Extreme symptoms7. WORK AND INTERESTS 0 = No difficulty2. FEELINGS OF GUILT 1 = Feelings of incapacity, listlessness, indecision and vacillation 0 = Absent2 = Loss of interest in hobbies. decreased social 1 = Self-reproach, feels he/she has let people activities down 3 = Productivity decreased 2 =Ideas of guilt 4 = Unable to work. Stopped working because 3 = Present illness is a punishment; delusions of present illness only. (Absence from work of guilt after treatment or recovery may rate a lower 4 = Hallucinations of guilt score). 3. SUICIDE 8. RETARDATION 0 = Absent(Slowness of thought, speech, and activity; 1 = Feels life is not worth living apathy; stupor.) 2 = Wishes he/she were dead 0 = Absent3 = Suicidal ideas or gestures 1 = Slight retardation at interview 4 = Attempts at suicide 2 = Obvious retardation at interview3 = Interview difficult 4 = Complete stupor4. INSOMNIA - Initial (Difficulty in falling asleep) 0 = Absent9. AGITATION 1 = Occasional(Restlessness associated with anxiety.) 2 = Frequent0 = Absent1 = Occasional2 = Frequent5. INSOMNIA - Middle (Complains of being restless and disturbed during the night. Waking during the night.) **10. ANXIETY - PSYCHIC** 0 = Absent0 = No difficulty1 = Occasional1 = Tension and irritability 2 = Frequent

- 2 = Worrying about minor matters
- 3 = Apprehensive attitude
- 4 = Fears

HAMILTON DEPRESSION RATING SCALE (HAM-D)

(To be administered by a health care professional)

11. ANXIETY - SOMATIC Gastrointestinal, indigestion Cardiovascular, palpitation, Headaches Respiratory, Genito-urinary, etc. 0 = Absent1 = Mild2 = Moderate3 =Severe 4 = Incapacitating12. SOMATIC SYMPTOMS -GASTROINTESTINAL (Loss of appetite, heavy feeling in abdomen; constipation) 0 = Absent1 = Mild2 =Severe 13. SOMATIC SYMPTOMS - GENERAL (Heaviness in limbs, back or head; diffuse backache; loss of energy and fatiguability) 0 = Absent1 = Mild2 =Severe 14. GENITAL SYMPTOMS 1 = Mild(Loss of libido, menstrual disturbances) 0 = Absent1 = Mild2 =Severe **15. HYPOCHONDRIASIS** 0 = Not present0 = None1 =Self-absorption (bodily) 2 = Preoccupation with health 3 = Querulous attitude4 = Hypochondriacal delusions **16. WEIGHT LOSS** 0 = No weight loss

- 1 = Slight
- 2 = Obvious or severe

17. INSIGHT

(Insight must be interpreted in terms of patient's understanding and background.) 0 = No loss

- 1 = Partial or doubtfull loss
- 2 = Loss of insight

TOTAL ITEMS 1 TO 17:

- 0 7 = Normal
- 8 13 = Mild Depression
- 14-18 = Moderate Depression
- 19 22 = Severe Depression
- \geq 23 = Very Severe Depression

18. DIURNAL VARIATION

- (Symptoms worse in morning or evening. Note which it is.) 0 = No variation1 = Mild variation; AM() PM()
 - 2 = Severe variation; AM () PM ()

19. DEPERSONALIZATION AND DEREALIZATION

- (feelings of unreality, nihilistic ideas)
- 0 = Absent
- 2 = Moderate
- 3 =Severe
- 4 = Incapacitating

20. PARANOID SYMPTOMS

- (Not with a depressive quality)
- 1 = Suspicious
- 2 =Ideas of reference
- 3 = Delusions of reference and persecution
- 4 = Hallucinations, persecutory

21. OBSESSIONAL SYMPTOMS

(Obsessive thoughts and compulsions against which the patient struggles)

- 0 = Absent
- 1 = Mild
- 2 =Severe